



# Maintaining Municipal Conservation Easements In New Jersey

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## Many municipalities find themselves with an easement "inventory"

These easements were acquired

to protect the public good,
but only do so if they are monitored and enforced.





- Enabling Statute: <u>NEW JERSEY</u>
   <u>CONSERVATION RESTRICTION AND HISTORIC</u>

   <u>PRESERVATION RESTRICTION ACT, Chapter</u>
   378, Public Laws of 1979.
- In New Jersey, a conservation easement is permanent and runs with the land.

## Facts and Resources (Continued)

 Once a municipality accepts a conservation easement it has an <u>affirmative duty</u> to ensure that its terms and conditions are met.

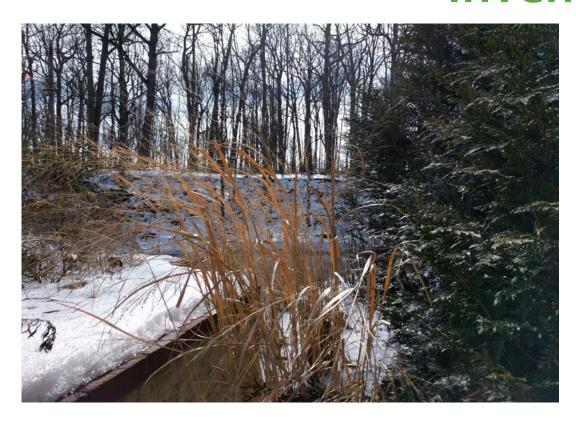






## Now's Your Chance!

# Creating/Maintaining a Conservation Easement Inventory





## Where are the Easements?



- Land Use Board?
- Zoning Office?
- Building Inspector?





## **HELP IS AVAILABLE**

### No need to go it alone!

- ANJEC's comprehensive website
- Local Land Trusts -NJCF, FOHVOS, etc
- Local/Regional Watershed Associations
- **National Land Trust Alliance** (https://www.landtrustalliance.org/)







- Easements are not located on maps
- Text of the easement agreement is not available.
- No "base-line data" to allow comparison over time.
- No program of routine monitoring and reporting.
- Owners not aware of the easement and its provisions.
- RESULT: NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTIONS ARE LOST OVER TIME



#### **Remedies: Problem 1**

#### Easements are not located on maps.

- By ordinance, <u>require applicants</u> to submit easement boundaries in a digital format
- Get data into your ERI
- Locate previous easements





### Remedies: Problem 2

#### Text of the easement unavailable

- Easements should be recorded with the deed at county hall of records
- Municipality may have copy of agreement
- County may be able to provide agreement to you by email, send block and lot number
- Obtain, read and understand agreement







## Be Proactive: Problem 2

## Prepare Sample Easement Language for New Easements

- Meets minimum requirements of enabling statute
- Include the <u>conservation values ( the "why")</u> of the parcel being protected
- Specify <u>right of entry</u> for monitoring and also enforcement statements
- Require that easement gets recorded properly
- Obtain <u>digital copies</u> of all conservation easements and keep in a file organized by lot and block numbers.





## Problem 3: No Base-Line Data

### Data should be created when easement is proposed

- Create data like an ERI on the parcel
- Archive digital files
- Make a field visit
- Make written observations and take and key them to a digital map.
- Write and archive a "Baseline Condition Report".





#### **Problem 4: Monitoring: WHY?**



- By law, all easements <u>must</u> be periodically monitored
- Private property rights have been acquired by the municipality for the <u>public</u> <u>good.</u>
- On acquisition, the municipality accepted the <u>duty</u> to make sure that these "public good" is maintained.



## Problem 4: Moving forward on Monitoring

#### **Don't Inspect: MONITOR**

- Landowner Notification Letter
- Create Conservation Partners
- Develop Positive Identity
- Get Approval for Visit
- Avoid Legal Action for Violations if at all Possible!







## Problem 5: Owner Unaware of Responsibilities



## Help -Don't Attack

- You can help owner with education
- Usually happy to learn and participate
- Encourage conservation partnership
- Serious violations may need legal enforcement, serious and expensive
- Before monitoring, discuss enforcement internally





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## **Thank You!**



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